OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, GUNDLUPET

Notification dated 25th August 1956.

No. H. C. 69—56-57. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Gundlupet Town that the Municipal Council desires to impose the Octroi Bye-laws under Section 48 (1) (k) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act No. XXII of 1951) as defined in the Bye-laws appended.

Any inhabitants of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Bye-laws may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

1. The Octroi limits for the purposes of collecting Octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

2. (*a*) No article liable to Octroi shall be brought within the Municipal limits except by one of the high roads and the cross-roads specified in the annexed Schedule or by the Railway.

(*b*) In the case of articles imported into the Town through the Post Office, which are liable to Octroi duty, the importer shall immediately after taking delivery of the same from the Postal authorities produce the same without breaking bulk together with the relevant invoice to the Central Octroi Office and pay the Octroi due thereon before conveying it to his house or place of business.

3. (*a*) The Octroi posts at which such goods shall be liable to inspection shall be the Ookads on the high roads as well as the cross-roads specified in the schedule, the Bonded warehouse and the Railway Station. And every person bringing dutiable goods within the Municipal area shall report the fact at the first of such posts on the route by which they are brought. All officials of the Octroi Department not below the rank of a Mutsaddi are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package under Section 85 of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

(*b*) All persons driving vehicles shall stop them at the Octroi Posts when entering the Town Municipal limits (whenever required to do so by the Octroi staff) for the purposes of examining and searching articles liable to Octroi.

(*c*) Breach of clause (*b*) of this Bye-law shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rupees fifty.

4. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the Octroi limits of the Municipality, any articles on which Octroi is payable or any conveyance or package containing such articles, shall.—

(*a*) exhibit the same at the Octroi Katte located at the entrance of the Town so as to enable the Octroi Officer to inspect the same, and

(*b*) communicate to the officer any information relating to the article, produce the Bill, Invoice, Way-Pass or any other document relating to the article and show the quantity and value of the articles for purposes of check. He will also unload if the same is found necessary or help in unloading for checking.

5. The Octroi Posts at which such conveyances, packages or articles shall be liable to inspection shall be the Kattes on the High Roads described in Schedule I. The Bonded Warehouse and the Railway Station including all its gates and Octroi Office and every person bringing dutiable goods within the Town shall report the fact at the first of such Kattes on the route by which it is brought. The Executive Officer, the Health Inspectors and all Officers of Octroi, not below the rank of Mutsaddi, and all persons incharge of the Katte are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package under Section 85 (1) of the Town Municipalities Act of 1951.

6. A table showing the articles on which Octroi is leviable shall be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office and copies thereof shall be supplied without any charge to any person requiring the same. Such table shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every Post or Office at which Octroi is levied.

Grant of Licences for the sale of Certain Articles.

7. The conditions on or subject to which licences for sale of articles liable to Octroi may be granted shall be as follows:—

Octroi Licence of Wholesale Dealers.

(*a*) That the licence shall be in force only till the 31st March of every financial year and that it shall be shown to any Octroi Officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

(*b*) That due written notice of the despatch of all consignment of articles to the licensee's address and probable date of arrival within the Municipal limits be given to the officer-in-charge of the Town Bonded Warehouse, that these goods be brought within the Municipal limits between the hours of 6 a. m. and 6 p. m. and by any of the Public High Roads and Cross-Roads described in the Schedule or by Railway, and that the parties in-charge report themselves to the first Ookad reached within Municipal limits, a peon from which will accompany the consignment to the Bonded Warehouse and that the importers or persons in-charge of the consignment shall be bound to answer truly all lawful questions put by the Octroi Mutsaddi or the officer-in-charge of the Town Bonded Warehouse.

(*c*) That all Octroi articles attempted to be introduced within the Municipal limits after 6 p. m. and before 6 a. m. or by any other than the public roads described in the said Schedule or by the Railway will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

(*d*) That the article subject to Octroi duty mentioned above shall not be introduced into the premises of the licensee or place of business without payment of Octroi thereon.

(*e*) That when by the licence the licensee is authorised to vend the articles noted in the annexed Schedule in any form, an account in the accompanying form shall be kept by the licensee of all stock of articles noted in the annexed Schedule which are imported and disposed of either by sale within the Town or exported beyond the Municipal limits and that such account shall be open to the inspection of any Octroi Officer above the grade of a peon and shall be submitted to the officer-in-charge of the Bonded Warehouse on the 15th of every month for verification.

(*f*) That no dutiable articles intended for consumption in Gundlupet Town shall, under any circumstances, be allowed to be deposited by the licensee in any of the villages immediately beyond Municipal limits.

(*g*) That the licence shall not be transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, and that no persons except such as are named herein shall have power to act under it.

(*h*) That the licensee shall deposit Rs. 100, as security for the due observance of the conditions of the licence, the whole or part of it being forfeited as the President may direct for breach of any of the conditions of the licence.

Octroi Licence by Retail Dealers.

8. (*a*) That the premises of the licensee may be inspected by any Octroi Officer at any time in the manner prescribed by the Bye-laws.

(*b*) That in respect of all the articles in the said premises whether purchased or sold by the licensee the Octroi duty shall have been paid and the goods shall have been purchased at the Bonded Warehouse or from a duly licensed wholesale dealer.

(*c*) That no article shall be stored or sold in any other place than licensed premises and any articles found in an unlicensed premises is liable to be contraband and dealt with accordingly.

(*d*) That the licence shall be in force only for 12 months, namely, from 1st April 19.....to 31st March 19.....and that it shall be exhibited to any Octroi Officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

(*e*) That the licence shall not be transferred by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise and that no persons except such as are named in the licence shall have the power to act under it.

(*f*) The licensee shall within fifteen days from the date of issue of the licence to have a sign board put up in a conspicuous part of the premises occupied by him with the following inscription legibly painted thereon in Kannada and English.

Number of licence.....
Name..... .....
Licence to sell.....

(*g*) That the licensee shall deposit Rs. 10 as security for the due observance of the conditions of the licence, the whole or part of it being forfeited as the President may direct for the breach of any of the conditions of the licence.

(*h*) That the licence shall be liable to suspension or forfeiture for breach of any of the conditions of the Octroi Bye-laws.

Refunds

9. On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported by the original inporter himself beyond the Municipal limits without breaking bulk, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import.—

(*a*) On timber imported and re-exported in log within six months from the date on which octroi was levied ;

(*b*) On piece-goods within three months from the date on which octroi was levied ;

(*c*) All other articles within one month from the date on which octroi was levied : provided that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

10. Any person claiming refund under the above Bye-laws shall produce the goods to be exported at the Central Octroi Office together with the original receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refund prepared in triplicate in the form annexed to these Bye-laws. He shall fill up columns 1 to 10 of the application signing and dating the same before he presents at the Octroi Office. He shall also produce for record in the office a certified copy of the Invoice as per which duty was paid on the article at the time of its import.

11. Any person who has been exempted under Rule 6 of the Octroi Rules from production of goods at the Octroi Office on import shall, subject to the same conditions, be exempted from the production of goods to be exported.

12. The officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted or the validity of the claim, shall fill up columns 11 to 15 and the coupon, and hand over the form to the exporter along with a certificate in the Form annexed.

13. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Rule. No. 13 of the Octroi Rules shall be produced by the exporter at the Octroi Post of exit.

14. The Octroi subordinate in charge of the post or exit shall satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

15. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the coupon after due endorsement of the particulars specified on the reverse of the form. Otherwise, he shall retain the pass and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are under a Free Export Pass, and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein, they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

16. If the goods are for export by rail, the Octroi subordinate in charge of the station of a exit shall retain the Pass pending production of a Railway Receipt for the goods covered by the Pass. Upon production of the Railway Receipt, if after due enquiry the said Octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the Pass and also by the Railway Receipt in question, he will then endorse on the reverse of the form and also on the coupon the number and date of the Railway Receipt and will return the form retaining the coupon subject to the disposal in the prescribed course of business.

17. In all cases in which refunds are claimed, the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by bye-laws 15 and 16, respectively, must be produced at the Central Octroi Office by the person keeping the refund and if after due check the officer-in-charge is satisfied that a refund of Octroi covered by such passes is duly payable, he shall forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass.

18. Every importer of dutiable articles shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President within three months of such import, account for the articles received by him by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of Octroi duty or any Export Pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise.

19. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes the above Bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees fifty.

Endorsement by Verifying Officer

I have, as far as possible examined the goods mentioned in this application and made entries in Columns 11 to 15.

I have this day.....at.....a.m./p.m.satisfied myself that they agree with the details of the application.

Signature of the verifying Officer.

Endorsement by the Mutsaddi at the Ookad of Export

I certify that the goods numbering/weighing..... mentioned in this application passed out of the Municipal limits in my presence on... .....at.....

Signature of the Mutsaddi at Export Ookad.

(Counterfoil)

Certified that the goods mentioned in this application have actually passed out of the Municipal limits in my presence on.....at.....

Signature of the Mutsaddi at Export Ookad.

Report of Refund Clerk

Checked and agreed with the Refund Ledger (The Exporter has produced Railway Receipt No .....in proof of export).

Signature of the Refund Clerk.

Order of Disbursing Officer

Pay Rs. As. Ps.

Date Signature.

MUNICIPALITY OF.....

Form of application for refund of Octroi in goods exported from the Municipality.

To be filled up by the exporter.—

1.	Description of goods ...	.....
2.	Quantity, number and value	.....
3.	Name of exporter with address in full	.....
4.	Name of person presenting this application with address in full ...	.....
5.	Place to which goods are exported ...	.....
6.	Name of the consignee with address in full ...	.....
7.	Name of Ookad at which the goods are exported ...	.....
8.	Date and hour at which goods are to be exported.	.....

9. Means of conveyance ... .
10. Particulars of packages, *e. g.*, No. of bags, baskets, etc. .....

To be filled up by the verifying officer—

11. Deduction to be made from the quantity, number or value of goods ... .
12. Why deducted ... .
13. Net quantity, value or number ... .
14. Rate of octroi ... .
15. Amount of refund ... .

Coupon.—

16. Application No.

I intend exporting the goods mentioned above from this Municipality. Please refund the duty thereon to..... .....who is my authorised agent.

.....

Signature of exporter or his authorised representative.

Payee's Acknowledgment

I acknowledge receipt of the amount entered in the payment order, namely, Rs. As. Ps.

Date. *Signature of Payee.*

Schedule under Octroi Bye-law No. 2.

No article liable to Octroi, shall be brought within the Municipal limits except by one of the High Roads and Cross-Roads specified below as per Octroi Bye-Law No. 2.

1. *Mysore Road.*—From Mysore Ookad to Octroi Office, Main Road leading in front of Taluk Office and adjoining the Cross-Roads up to Ooty Toll-Gate.

2. *Ooty Gate.*—From Ooty Gate to Octroi Office, Main Road in front of Pravasimandir to Octroi Office and adjoining Cross-Roads up to Mysore Toll-gate, Chamarajanagar Gate and Kodalli Toll-Gate.

3. *Chamarajanagar Gate.*—From Chamarajanagar Ookad to Octroi Office leading in front of Sri B. Andanaiah's shop and adjoining Cross-Roads up to Kodalli Toll-Gate and Hosur Toll-Gate.

4. *Kodalli Toll-Gate.*—Main Road from Kodalli Ookad to Octroi Office in front of Mosque and adjoining Cross-Roads up to Chamarajanagar Ookad.

5. *Hosur Toll-Gate.*—Main Road from Hosur to Octroi Office in front of Sri Patnada Basappa's house and adjoining Cross-Roads up to Kodalli Toll-Gate, Chamarajanagar Gate and Mysore Gate. This includes Dumdasanpur roads also.

SCHEDULE UNDER BYE-LAW No. 7 (*c*)

Sl. No.	Articles	Remarks
1	Cocoanut green	
2	Cocoanut fresh	
3	Cocoanut dry	
4	Betal leaves	
5	Sugar	
6	Sheep or goat	
7	Tobacco	
8	Kerosene oil	
9	Petrol	
10	Piece-goods	
11	Cocoanut oil	
12	Diesel oil and other mineral oils	
13	Cement	
14	Tiles (Mangalore or similar pattern) including flooring tiles.	
15	Iron and Steel or articles made therefrom including machinery parts.	
16	Alloys in any shape or articles manufactured out of metals, machinery or part thereof.	
17	Beedies	
18	Cigarettes	
19	Hosiery and other textile fabrics	
20	Cuddapah slabs	
21	Rubber goods	
22	Coffee and Tea	
23	Teak and honne in logs	
24	Teak and honne in sawn	
25	Black wood in logs	
26	Black wood in sawn	
27	Other kinds of timber in logs	
28	Other kinds of timber in sawn	
29	Cotton seeds	
30	Groundnuts and groundnut seeds	
31	Match Boxes	
32	Jaggery	
33	Ghee	
34	Country butter	
35	Oats, Bran, Chaff	
36	Oil seeds	
37	Burnt lime (Chunam)	
38	Musical goods	
39	Soaps of all kinds including soap flakes, shaving sticks, shaving cream, liquid soap and the like.	
40	Cycles and accessories	
41	Playing cards	
42	Arecanut	
43	Gunny bag	
44	Glassware (glass-sheets. plates, cups, tumblers, jars, mirrors, glass, chimneys, bulbs, bottles, tools, lens, tubes, articles partly made of glass, bangles and other glass articles)	
45	Colour and metal polish	
46	Asbestos sheets and other materials made of asbestos.	
47	Battery and cells including electric torches	
48	Toilet snows, creams, hair oils, vaselines, brilliantine and all kinds of pomade and perfumery and the like.	
49	Clocks.	

Notification dated 25th August 1956

No. H. C. 69—56-7 Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Gundlupet Town that the Municipal Council desires to impose the Rules for the levy and recovery of Octroi under Section 46 (1) (h) and 61 (b) (iv) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 as defined in the rules appended.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Rules may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

1. Octroi shall be levied in respect of animals or goods or both specified in the Schedule to these Rules at the rates noted against each.

2. The Octroi shall be paid at the time of import of the animals or the goods to the Octroi Mutsaddi in charge of the Octroi Ookad. In case of disagreement as to the amount of Octroi duty payable by the importer of goods imported within the Octroi limits the Mutsaddi in-charge of the Ookad shall cause the importer to take the goods before the President or Vice-President or the Executive Officer for the settlement of the duty to be paid.

3. When the goods have been examined at the Octroi Ookads a pass in duplicate for such of the goods as are liable to octroi duty shall be furnished to the importer by the Octroi Mutsaddi. On receiving such pass, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the Central Octroi Office accompanied by a peon; provided that if the duty to which the goods are liable does not exceed five rupees, the Octroi Mutsaddi, may receive such duty and give to the importer a permit showing the nature and quantity of the goods and the duty received; provided also that in the case of goods imported by Railway, the Inspector or other officer-in-charge of the Octroi Post at the Railway Station may, in the same manner, receive duty not exceeding five rupees.

4. When goods accompanied by a pass as aforesaid are brought to the Central Office, they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office. Upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive permit for the removal of goods or shall deposit the same in the Octroi Office. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi Office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity of weight of the goods, the duty paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass, one copy which shall be filed in the office and one copy returned to the Octroi Post from which it was received. In case the importer wishes to re-export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a Free Export Pass subjecting the goods to the escort of an Octroi subordinate.

5. With a view to facilitating the appraisement of the value of goods when the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi Office. Whenever the invoice produced by an importer is in a language other than English or Kannada, he shall produce a true copy of such invoice translated into English or Kannada and verified by the importer.

In case the importer does not produce an invoice, he shall give a declaration in writing regarding the quantity, number, weight, value, etc., of the article, for clearance of Octroi duty. Should the importer fail or refuse to produce the invoice or if the invoice or the declaration produced appears to the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi office to be false or unduly low, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi Office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

Explanation.—When the appraisement of the value of the goods is made on the basis of the invoice, the value shall include all expenses such as packing charges, freight charges, cart-hire, etc., less Trade Discount shown in the Invoice.

6. With previous approval of the President in each case, any carrying agent through whom goods are imported on behalf of persons resident within the Municipality or any wholesale importer may, on depositing as security such amount not being less than Rs. 250 as may be fixed by the President, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him, or through his agency for inspection at the Central Octroi Office; provided that he makes arrangements satisfactory to the President for the supply to the Municipal Council of correct and detailed lists of all such goods with the names of the consignees in each case. Every such agent shall be responsible to the extent of his deposit for the payment of Octroi on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi having been paid:

Provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such agent or importer and return to him the amount of his deposit or such portion thereof, as may remain at his credit or may in any case require such agent or importer to produce any such goods for inspection at the Central Octroi Office.

Every deposit holder under this Rule shall submit on or before the 3rd of every month *the Stock* Accounts of the previous month for verification of the dutiable articles.

Deposit Room: Central Octroi Office (Bonded Warehouse).

7. The Municipal Council shall provide a Bonded Warehouse in the Central Octroi Office for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Rule 3 of the Octroi Rules.

8. The Bonded Warehouse shall be open for the transaction of business from 11 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily except on Sundays and Holidays authorised by the President. Arrangements shall, however, be made by the Officer in charge of the Octroi Office for dealing with perishable articles such as betel leaves on such days.

9. Any importer depositing goods in the Bonded Warehouse shall, unless the officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office has previously by weighing, counting or appraising ascertained the amount of Octroi payable thereon, give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. 2) of the description, weight, quantity, and if necessary, of the value of the goods.

10. A receipt in the form appended (Schedule No. 3) shall be given by the Officer in charge of the Central Octroi Office for all the goods deposited in the Bonded Warehouse and a register of all such goods shall be maintained.

11. The receipt given by the Octroi Department for depositing the goods should be returned before taking delivery of the articles to which it refers, otherwise the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi Office may refuse to deliver the articles.

12. If the depositor does not himself take delivery of the article deposited in the Octroi Office, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it to be made and if the receipt is not produced the delivery of the goods may at the discretion of the officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office be withheld until the person entitled in his opinion to receive the same has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office.

13. Any person who has deposited goods in the Bonded Warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer-in-charge of the Warehouse or may, on paying full duty thereon, import such goods into the Municipal limits covered by a permit or may export such goods immediately after the receipt into the Octroi Office free covered by an Export Pass subject to the escort of an Octroi subordinate; provided that new packages covered by such pass shall, if possible, before they are taken from the Warehouse be stamped by the officer-in-charge, so as to show that they are under deposit.

The Export Pass shall be in triplicate, the original being retained by the officer-in-charge of the Warehouse and the duplicate and the triplicate delivered to the Exporter.

14. No goods shall be allowed to leave the Warehouse until storage fee has been paid thereon under the following rules :—

(*a*) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(*b*) After that period single rates as in the following table shall be charged for 7 days or portion thereof :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
(i) Piece-goods bundles.—				
(1) Per bale of 400 lbs. or over or per case of 6 doz. or over.	0	2	0	per day
(2) Per bale of less than 400 lbs. or per case less than 6 doz.	0	1	0	per day
(ii) Tobacco bundles ...	0	1	0	per maund or portion thereof per day.
(iii) Kerosene oil and petrol tins.	0	0	3	per tin per day.
(iv) Cocoanuts ...	0	0	6	per hundred per day.
(v) Sugar per 2 Cwts. or 9 maunds.	0	0	6	per bag per day.
(vi) Other bundles and bags	0	0	6	per bag or bundle per day.
(vii) Other oils ...	0	0	3	per tin of 4 gallons per day.
(viii) Dry cocoanuts ...	0	0	3	per maund or portion thereof per day.
(ix) Timber ...	0	1	0	per 100 c.ft. per day.
(x) Iron, brass, copper and articles of iron or brass, copper or other metals.	0	4	0	per ton per day.
(xi) Cuddapah slabs ...	0	2	0	per every 25 slabs or fraction thereof per day.
(xii) Tiles (Mangalore pattern)	0	0	6	per 100 or fraction thereof per day.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
(xiii) Asbestos sheets and other materials made of asbestos.	0	2	0	per 25 articles per day.

Note.—Maunds means 24 lbs. for purpose of this Bye-law.

(*c*) Double these rates shall be charged after 7 days provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such double rates.

(*d*) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day and Sundays and closed holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. When delay is caused by the inability of the officer-in-charge of the Deposit Room to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

15. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the Bonded Warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the Municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

16. When goods stored by the wholesale dealer in the Bonded Warehouse under the above rule are issued on payment of duty, such allowance may be made on the original weight on account of reduction of weight owing to the driage or wastage as may from time to time be fixed by the President.

17. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the Warehouse. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold in like manner, provided that, before selling such goods notice of that fact shall be posted for 7 days at the Bonded Warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided that goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

18. When any goods are sold under Rule 17 of the Octroi Rules the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds, in payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof, provided that if the amount realised by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claims for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of one year or after all claims received during that period have been duly disposed off the balance shall be credited to the Municipal funds. No claims shall be admitted after the said period of one year, except by special permission of the Council.

19. The Municipal Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the deposit room or while such goods are being passed into or out of the Deposit Room or while they remain therein unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the Deposit Room Keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

20. Any person may with the sanction of the President be permitted to use any place as of Bonded Warehouse on payment of the cost of such establishment and subject to such conditions as may in each case be fixed by the President.

21. *Exemptions.*—In the following cases no Octroi shall be levied.

(i) Personal luggage of travellers.

(ii) Goods being *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property contained therein belongs to Government. Provided they are not to be sold to the public or in the case of timber belonging to the Forest Department and do not belong to commercial Departments of Government.

(iii) Mysore made cumblies imported into the Town limits.

(iv) Hand-spun and hand-woven Khadder imported into the Town limits.

(v) Goods which are declared not to be intended for consumption within the Municipal limits and are taken to the bonded warehouse as provided in the Bye-laws provided that if such goods be not exported, they shall pay the full duty.

(vi) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, 100 betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide*.

(vii) Wheat flour, maida flour, channe powder and wheat products not exceeding one viss by weight, or one seer by measure brought for personal consumption.

22. A receipt in the prescribed form shall be given for payments made.

SCHEDULE I

Sl. No.	*Articles*	*Amount of rate of levy of Octroi Duty.* Rs.	a.	p.	*Remarks*
1	Cocoanut green ...	0	8	4	per hundred
2	Cocoanut fresh ...	0	8	4	do
3	Cocoanut dry ..	0	6	0	per maund
4	Betel leaves ...	0	0	1	per hundred
5	Sugar ...	0	4	0	per maund
6	Sheep or goat ...	0	1	6	per head
7	Tobacco ...	0	8	0	per maund
8	Kerosene oil ...	0	2	0	per tin of 4 gins
9	Petrol ...	0	2	0	per gallon
10	Piece-goods ...	1	9	0	per cent *ad valorem.*
11	Cocoanut oil. etc. ...	0	2	0	per tin or part thereof
12	Diesel oil and other mineral oils	0	2	0	do
13	Cement ...	0	0	6	per maund
14	Tiles (Mangalore or similar pattern including flooring tiles	1	9	0	per cent *ad valorem.*
15	Iron and steel or articles made therefrom including machinery parts	1	0	0	per cent *ad valorem*
16	Alloys in any shape or articles manufactured out of metals, machinery or parts thereof.	1	9	0	do
17	Beedies ...	0	1	0	per 1,000
18	Cigarettes ...	0	4	0	per 1,000
19	Hosiery and other textile fabrics.	1	9	0	per cent *ad valorem.*
20	Cuddapah slabs ...	1	9	0	do
21	Rubber goods	2	0	0	do
22	Coffee and Tea ...	1	9	0	do
23	Teak and honne in logs ...	0	1	3	per cubic foot
24	Teak and honne in sawn ...	0	1	6	do
25	Black wood in logs ...	0	1	0	do
26	Black wood in sawn ...	0	1	3	do
27	Other kinds of timber in logs	0	0	9	do
28	Other kinds of timber in sawn	0	1	3	do
29	Cotton seeds ...	0	1	0	per bag of 100 seers or fraction
30	Groundnuts and Groundnuts seeds	0	1	0	do
31	Match Boxes ...	0	1	0	per gross or fraction
32	Jaggery ...	0	2	0	per maund
33	Ghee ...	0	8	0	do
34	Country butter ...	0	8	0	do
35	Oats, Bran, chaff ...	1	0	0	per cent *ad valorem*
36	Oil seeds ...	0	4	0	per candy of 160 seers.
37	Burnt lime (chunam) ...	0	4	0	per cart load
38	Musical goods ...	2	0	0	per cent *ad valorem*
39	Soaps of all kinds including soap flakes, shaving sticks, shaving cream, liquid soap and the like.	2	0	0	do
40	Cycles and accessories ...	2	0	0	do
41	Playing cards ...	2	0	0	do
42	Arecanut ...	0	2	0	per bag of 5 maunds

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Sl. No.	Articles	Amount of rate of levy of Octroi Duty.	Remarks
44	Glassware (glass-sheets, plates, cups, tumblers, jars, mirrors, glass chimneys, Bulbs, bottles, tools, lens, tubes, articles partly made of glass, bangles and other glass articles)	2 0 0	per cent *ad valorem*
45	Colour and metal polish ...	2 0 0	do or 0-1-0 per lb.
46	Asbestos sheets and other materials made of asbestos	2 0 0	per cent *ad valorem*
47	Battery and cells including electric torches	2 0 0	do
48	Toilet snow, creams, hair oils, vaselines, brilliantine and all kinds of pomade and perfumery and the like	2 0 0	do
49	Clocks ...	2 0 0	do

SCHEDULE II

The officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office, Town Municipality, Gundlupet.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the Koti.

Name of depositor	...	.....
Description of articles deposited	...	.....
Number of packages	...	.....
Distinguishing marks, if any	...	.....
Weight—Maunds/Seers	...	.....
Measurement—C.ft./C.in.	...	.....
Quantity	...	.....
Value	...	.....
Remarks	...	.....

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of rule numbers 10 to 14, 16, 17 and 18 relating to the deposit.

Witness.....

Signature.....

Date.....

.....
Signature of Depositor

Address.....

SCHEDUULE III

Octroi Office or Bonded Warehouse..... Gundlupet Town Municipality. Received for deposit the undermentioned goods from.....

Receipt No.	...	.....
Consignment Number and date	..	.....
Goods despatch note number	...	.....
Name and description of articles	...	.....
Number of articles	...	.....
Remarks	...	.....

Octroi Clerk

Officer in-charge of Octroi Office or Bonded Warehouse.

Notification dated 25th August 1956.

No H.C. 69—56-57. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Gundlupet Town that the Municipal Council desires to impose the Bye-laws for the levy of Toll on vehicles entering the limits of Gundlupet Town Municipality under Section 48 (1) (z) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951)

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Bye-laws may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council.

BYE-LAWS REGARDING LEVY OF TOLLS.

1. The Municipal Council, shall establish Toll-Gates for the purpose of collecting tolls on the several routes leading into the Town and notify the location of such toll-gates.

2. The toll-gates shall be called the Gundlupet Town Municipal Toll-Gates.

3. No vehicles liable to the payment of toll shall enter into the Municipal limits except by one of the Toll-gates described hereunder.

(i) Mysore Road	...	Mysore Gate
(ii) Ooty-Calicut Road	...	Ooty Gate
(iii) Chamarajanagar Road	...	Chamarajanagar Gate
(iv) Kodalli Road	...	Kodalli Gate
(v) Hosur side	...	Hosur Gate

4. The Municipal Council shall have power to change, add to or combine the existing toll-gate, if they consider that such a course is necessary for the proper collection of tolls. Every such change, addition or combination shall be notified in the limits of the Municipality.

5. No toll shall be levied on through traffic. The time limit for through traffic from one end to the other end of the town shall be one hour.

6. Every person or owner who is for the time being in possession or use of any vehicle shall be bound to stop at the first toll-gate of entry into the Town-limit through which he desires to pass.

7. Every such person or owner in possession for the time being of any vehicle shall be bound to give all necessary and true information for the ascertainment of levy and collection of toll to the person in charge of such toll-gates.

8. If on such information, the person in charge of the Toll-gate considers that the owner or user of any bus, etc., is liable to pay toll, such owner or user shall pay such tolls at the prescribed rates. But, if he considers that the owner or user is entitled to exemption after looking into the pass or permit, if any, the person in charge of the Toll shall permit him to proceed.

9. *Penalties*:—Any person who violates or commits breach of the above Bye-laws shall render himself liable before a Magistrate to a fine which may extend to rupees twenty.

Notification dated 25th August 1956

No. H. C. 69—56-57. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Gundlupet Town that the Municipal Council desires to impose the Rules for the levy and recovery of Toll under Section 46 (1) (h) read with Section 61 (b) (iii) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951) as defined in the rules appended.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Rules may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council.

1. Tolls at the rates mentioned in the schedule shall be levied upon the vehicles specified therein entering the Municipality and shall be paid on demand.

2. The person in charge of the Toll-Gate shall give the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the amount received, the date and hour of payment and the description or marks of the identification of the vehicles.

3. *Exemptions*—In the following classes of vehicles no toll shall be levied:—

(*a*) Exemptions that are recognised by the Government of Mysore and the Government of India from time to time.

(*b*) (i) Vehicles belonging to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,

(ii) Vehicles belonging to the Government of India and of Mysore,

(iii) Vehicles belonging to the members of the Town

the Town Municipality employed on out door duties provided that not more than one vehicle shall be exempted without the special permission of the Municipal Council.

4. Toll shall be levied only once in respect of each vehicle passing through the Toll-Gates of the Gundlupet Town Municipality, on any day counted from sunrise to sunrise irrespective of the number of times the vehicle enters the Municipality or the different routes by which it enters.

5. The person in charge of the Toll-Gate shall be bound to maintain a proper account of the daily collection and of the traffic passing through the Toll-Gate and it must be produced for inspection whenever called upon by the President, Vice-President or the Executive Officer of the Municipality.

6. Any person may before the expiry of the period mentioned in the permit apply in writing to the President for renewal of the permit.

7. Whenever a person who has compounded for a definite period desires to discontinue to run his vehicle within the period he may apply for the refund of the balance of money, if any, paid by him in advance and on reasonable cause being shown, the President may refund the excess amount, if any, paid by him, provided that no refund shall be allowed for a sum less than one-third of the aggregate amount due for the period for which the composition is effected. All applications for such refund shall be presented within fifteen days from the date of such discontinuance after the lapse of which any such claim shall not be considered under any circumstances whatsoever.

Refunds

8. Any person from whom toll has been recovered unauthorisedly or in excess of the amount prescribed in respect of any particular vehicle may apply in writing along with the receipt to the President, for the refund of the amount paid within one month of the payment of such toll. Thereupon the President may have the claim investigated and disposed of.

General

If the right of collection of Toll has been framed out, the composition fees collected by the President should be held at the credit of the contractor and adjusted towards his dues in the final instalment for the year.

Schedule

	Rs.	a.	p.
(1) On every motor bus as defined in the Motor Vehicles Rules or Motor Lorry ...	1	0	0
(2) On every motor car	0	12	0
(3) On every motor tricycle or Bicycle or trailer attached to a Motor Car ...	0	4	0
(4) On every four-wheeled carriage ...	0	8	0
(5) On every two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a Jutka ...	0	4	0
(6) On every Jutka laden ...	0	2	0
(7) On every Jutka unladen ...	0	1	0
(8) On every other vehicle with springs including a tricycle or bicycle ...	0	2	0
(9) On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two buffaloes, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	0	4	0
(10) On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two buffaloes, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	2	0
(11) On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden ...	0	2	0
(12) On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if not laden ...	0	1	0

G. A. Rahamathullakhan,
President.

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OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, TURUVEKERE.

Notification dated 27th August 1956.

No. H. C. 46—56-57. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of Turuvekere Town that the Municipal Council, Turuvekere has resolved at the meeting held on 12th July 1956, to introduce the modified rules for regulating conduct of business and delegation of any of the powers or duties and the appointment and constitution of committees of a Municipal Council under Section 46 (1) (a) read with Section 27 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act of 1951 as defined in the rules appended below. Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed rules may, within one month from the date of this notification, prefer his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Turuvekere. Objections received after the prescribed date will not be considered.

Rules

1. *Business to be conducted if a quorum be present at the hour fixed for the meeting*:—At the hour fixed for a meeting of the council if a quorum be present, the business of the meeting may at once commence and if neither the President nor the Vice-President be present the Councillors present may proceed to choose a chairman under Sub-section 5 of Section 27. If the President or the Vice-President, arrives after a Presiding Councillor has been chosen by the councillors the Presiding Councillor shall leave the chair, and the President or Vice-President, shall preside.

2. *Absence of quorum during a meeting*:—If during a meeting the presiding authority notices that a quorum is not present, or any councillor calls the attention of the presiding authority to the fact that a quorum is not present, the presiding authority shall immediately suspend the business of the meeting and shall count the number of councillors present, and if that number is insufficient to form a quorum the presiding authority shall follow the procedure laid down in sub-section (7) of Section 27.

3. *Confirmation of minutes of previous meeting*:—At the commencement of proceedings of each ordinary general meeting, the minutes of the previous general meeting shall be read. If any councillor present objects to the minutes as having been incorrectly or incompletely recorded, the presiding authority shall, after taking the sense of the meeting make such amendments as he thinks proper and the amended minutes shall then be confirmed and signed by the presiding authority.

4. (*a*) *Order to be observed*:—A councillor wishing to speak must rise in his place. The councillor who first rises to speak has a right to be heard. In cases of doubt the presiding authority shall decide who is entitled to speak. No interruption to the speech of a councillor, shall be permitted except that the presiding authority may call the councillor to order, and any other councillor may rise and request the presiding authority to call the speaker to order, or request the presiding authority to notice that a quorum is not present.

(*b*) *Procedure for putting questions*.—All questions from one councillor to another relating to the business of the meeting shall be put through the presiding authority.

5. (*a*) *Order*.—The presiding authority shall preserve order and all points of order shall be summarily decided by him, no discussion thereon being allowed, unless he shall think fit to take the opinion of the councillors present. The presiding authority may adjourn meeting that refuses to obey his ruling on a point of order.

(*b*) *Councillor called to order to resume his seat*:—A councillor called to order by the presiding authority shall resume his seat till the decision of the point of order raised, provided that the presiding authority may allow the member to speak on the point of order raised. If any councillor desires to dispute the decision of the presiding authority, he may bring forward a proposition at the following meeting.

6. *Grouping of items of business*:—If more than one meeting be held the same day it shall be competent to the presiding authority with the consent of the majority of the councillors present, to submit for consideration as one

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subject, for disposal of one meeting any two or more items of business relating to the same subject although some of such items shall appear on the agenda papers of another and distinct meeting to be held on the same day.

7. *A proposition may be divided*—The presiding authority shall have powers to divide into two or more distinct propositions, any proposition or amendment which in his opinion is so complicated as to be likely to lead to confusiou or inconvenience by being debated on as one proposition.

A proposition when divided need not be moved and seconded more than once:—But when by virtue of this rule a proposition or amendment is divided, it shall not be necessary, for the second and following portions of such proposition or amendment to be again moved and seconded. But the proposition so divided shall be put to vote by the presiding authority one after the other.

8. *Mode of addressing the meeting.*—Each councillor rising to speak shall direct his speech to the question before the meeting or an amendment which he is himself about to propose or to a point of order always addressing the presiding authority from his place. A councillor having spoken to a proposition or amendment is not at liberty to speak again to such proposition or amendment:

Provided that the mover of a proposition or amendment shall have a right of reply, after the presiding authority has ascertained that no other councillor entitled to speak desires to speak:

Provided further that any councillor may second a proposition or amendment by saying "I seccond the proposition or amendment" and reserve his right to speak later:

Provided also that a councillor who wishes to explain any mis-conception of expression used by him may do so with the permission of the presiding authority.

9. *Routine resolutions may be put to meeting without being moved or seconded.*—Routine resolutions such as recording periodical statements or confirming the proceedings of a committee, may be put to the meeting by the presiding authority without their having been moved or seconded. Propositions regarding the choice of a presiding councillor, adjournments and the like must be seconded, but need not be in writing.

Except as provided above, every proposition and every amendment must be in writing and must be seconded.

Resolutions of committees to be moved and seconded by members.—When a resolution of a committee is submitted to the general meeting for adoption, its adoption should ordinarily be moved and seconded by members of the committee:

13. *Amendments.*—After the proposition has been moved and seconded, any councillor may propose an amendment thereto:

Provided that no councillor shall be at liberty to propose more than one amendment to any proposition except when such proposition is for the passing of the budget or of a set of general rules, or is otherwise of such a nature as to require the making of many amendments to different parts of it.

11. *Presiding authority to read proposition to the meeting.*—The proposer of any amendment shall state it or hand it in writing to the presiding authority at any time before he resumes his seat. When the mover of the proposition or amendment has resumed his seat, the presiding authority shall read the proposition or amendment to the meeting and ask if any councillor seconds the proposition or amendment until and the same is seconded the presiding authority shall not permit any discussion on the subject. If no councillor seconds the proposition or amendment, the presiding authority shall declare that the proposition or amendment is lost.

12. *Speeches should not be read.*—A councillor shall not read his speech, but may refresh his memory from notes and may, with the consent of the presiding authority, read passages from books or documents cited on behalf of his argument.

13. *Any councillor may move proposition of which notice has been given if original mover is absent or unwilling.*—If a councillor has given due notice to move a proposition, and if that councillor be not present at the meeting or shall have ceased to be a councillor before the meeting or be notice, any councillor present at the meeting may, with the consent of the presiding authority, move the proposition of which notice has been given.

14. *Amendments to omit words etc, from original propositions to be clear and relevant anp not mere negatives of previous propositions.*—

An amendment shall usually be in the from of a proposal to omit words from the original proposition, to insert words therein or to add words thereto.

Every amendment must be relevant to the proposition it is proposed to amend and must be framed so as to form therewith an intelligible and consistent sentence. An amendment which is the direct negative of the proposition shall not be allowed.

15. *Amendments may be sent to the President beforehand in writing.*—A councillor who intends to propose an amendment to a proposition is at liberty to send or deliver at any time beforehand to the president or the presiding authority his proposed amendment in writing.

16. *Each amendment to be decided before the next is entered upon.*—Each amendment must be decided before the next amendment is entered upon, but after any amendment is proposed and seconded, any councillor may move that the amendment may be amended by the omission, insertion or addition of certain words, and the presiding authority shall thereupon ask if any other councillor seconds the proposal and if seconded the proposal to amend the amendment shall then become the question before the meeting.

17. *No amendment to words already resolved be made.*—No amendment may be made to words which it has already been resolved shall stand part of, or to be added to, the original proposition or amendment except by addition of other words.

18 *Amendment once negative not to be proposed.*—No amendment may be proposed which is the same in substance, as a proposition or amendment which has beeen negatived during the meeting.

19. *Proposition or amendment not to be withdrawn:*—A proposition or amendment which has been moved or seconded cannot be withdrawn without the permission of the meeting.

20. *Presiding authority to move propositions without quitting chair.*—The presiding authority may move and second propositions or amendments, speak and vote without vacating the chair.

21. *Voting.*—When a question is put to vote, the presiding authority shall call for a show of hands, and the presiding authority or a councillor at his request shall count the hands shown for and against and declare the result. If any councillor challenges the correctness of the numbers thus declared, the hands shall be counted a second time: provided that if any two councillors request a poll, the presiding authority shall call the roll of the councillors and record on the minutes of the meeting the names of the councillors voting for and against.

The presiding authority, unless he refrains from voting, should give his vote before declaring the number of votes for and against a question and then in case of an equality of votes he should give his casting vote.

22. *No member obliged to vote.*—A councillor who is present at the meeting may refrain from voting. If the question before the meeting be the confirmation of a report or proceedings of a committee, the member of that committee may vote. If the conduct of a councillor be in question, that councillor may vote.

23. *Result of equality of votes.*—When there is an equality of votes and the presiding authority refrains from giving his casting vote, the proposition shall be held to be neither passed nor rejected and may be brought forward at any subsequent meeting.

24. *Budget discussion.*—When a budget or re-appropriation statement is laid down before a general meeting, the procedure shall be as follows:—

(1) The presiding authority shall read each item of the abstracts of receipt and expenditure and shall without any mover or seconder put to the meeting the question "that this item stands part of the budget or re-appropriation statement".

(2) If any councillor proposes to reduce or increase or strike off the item and the proposal to be seconded, such proposal shall be treated as an amendment and shall

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25. *Proposals to adjourn a meeting or for closure, or to postponing etc.*—A proposal to adjourn a meeting or for closure or to postpone the consideration of a question shall take precedence over any other proposition before the meeting.

T. N. VENKATASUBBIAH.
1231 *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, SAKLESPUR.

Notification dated 6th September 1956.

No. B. L. 11—53-54. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Saklespur Town that the Municipal Council desires to impose a rate on lands and buildings defined in the rules appended.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed rate, may within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

Rules framed by Saklespur Town Municipality for the levy and recovery of a rate on lands and buildings under Section 61 (*b*) (*i*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

1. A rate on buildings and lands shall be levied in the Municipality for municipal purposes. The rate on the following basis shall be payable on the dates indicated hereunder :—

Class of property	Rate per year	Mode of payment
(i) Lands not occupied by buildings and not appurtenant to any building or attached thereto for use therewith as a garden or pleasure ground or for the pasturage of animals kept for private use.	Eight annas for every one hundred square yards.	In two equal half yearly instalments in advance in April and October of every year or in one lump, if the assessee so desires in the beginning of every year.
(ii) Buildings and lands or both not falling under (i).	Six percentum on the annual letting value.	Do

2. *How rates may be collected* :—The rates imposed by these Rules shall be collected by the Municipality departmentally.

3. *Remissions.*—Subject to the sanction of Government, remissions may be made to any extent by the Municipality on the recommendation of the Municipal Council, in cases in which the Municipal Council is satisfied that the recovery of the amount proposed for remission would entail undue hardship on a poor man.

4. *Claims for refund when not entertainable.*—No claims for refund of any sum paid to the Municipality on account of rates on buildings or lands shall be entertained, unless application therefor is made in writing within ninety days, after the expiry of the year to which the claim relates.

5. *Payment of refund when not to be made.*—No sum shall be refunded unless the person entitled to it applies for payment within three months of delivery to him of the notice of the refund having been duly authorised. In such notice the period within which the refund must be demanded shall be always stated.

6. *Order for payment of refund to be written on the bill form.*—Every order for payment of a refund shall be written on a bill in the form given in Schedule A signed by the President.

7. *Entry in the Assessment List on Sub-divisions.*—Where any property is sub-divided on application being made to the Municipal Council intimating such sub-division, the Municipal Council shall, unless they see any objection to the same, cause each sub division to be entered in the Assessment List as if it was a separate property.

8. *How bills prepared and issued.*—All bills under Section 92 (1) shall be prepared from the Assessment List and from information obtained by process in accordance with bye-laws framed under Section 48 (1) (*i*) and shall be issued under the signature of the President or other Officer authorised by the President.

9. *Suspension of process for recovery when notice of vacancy received.*—When a notice of vacancy has been received under Section 79, process for the recovery of the dues of the current year or instalment period may be suspended till final orders are passed on the notice.

10. *Owner should give notice of reoccupation.*—When an notice in writing to the President within fifteen days of the date of subsequent reoccupation and failing this, he shall not be entitled to any refund, if it be found that his premises have been reoccupied during the year or instalment period.

11. *Notice fees.*—For every notice of demand issued under sub-section (3) of Section 92 of the Act, fees shall be levied at the following rates :—

A fee of one anna if the amount is less than Rs. 5.
A fee of two annas if the amount is not less than Rs. 5 but less than Rs. 10.
A fee of four annas if the amount is not less than Rs. 10 but less than Rs. 50.
A fee of six annas if the amount is not less than Rs.50 but less than Rs. 100.
A fee of eight annas if the amount is Rs. 100 and above.

12. *Warrant fees.*—For every distraint made under sub-section (5) of saction 93 of the Act, fees shall be levied at the following rates :—

A fee of four annas if the amount distrained is less than Rs. 5.
A fee of six annas if the amount distrained is not less than Rs. 5 but less than Rs. 10.
A fee of eight annas if the amunt distrained is not less than Rs. 10 but less than Rs. 25.
A fee of Rupee one if the amount distrained is not less than Rs. 25 but less than Rs. 50.
A fee of Rupees two if the amount distrained is not less than Rs. 50 but less than Rs. 75.
A fee of Rupees three if the amount distrained is not less than Rs. 75 but less than Rs. 100.
A fee of Rupees five if the amount distrained is Rs. 100 and above.

When persons are kept in charge of the property distrained, an additional fee of one rupee per peon per each day shall be levied.

13. *Maintenance.*—Rates as per accompanying statement shall be charged for maintaining live-stock distrained under sub-section (5).

Sl. No.	Description of live-stock	Cost for the supply of fodder for each head of live-stock per day or fraction of a day. Rs. a. p.
1	Elephant	3 0 0
2	Camel	1 0 0
3	Buffalo	0 4 0
4	Do calf	0 2 0
5	Bullock or cow	0 4 0
6	Goat and Sheep	0 1 0
7	Kid	0 1 0
8	Heifer or calf	0 1 0
9	Horse	0 4 0
10	Fowl	0 2 0
11	Donkey (either young or grown) ...	0 2 0
12	Pig ...	0 1 0
13	Birds of all kinds ...	0 1 0

Provided no rate shall be charged where the owner of such live-stock pays the full amount of the Municipal dues and receives back such live-stock within three hours from the time of their seizure.

14. *Who may receive payment for the Municipality.*—The Bill Collector, the Revenue Inspector if any, and such other officer as may be empowered by the President from time to time in the interest of collection work, are authorised to receive Municipal dues under these rules.

15. *Under section* 46 (1) *when Municipal dues may be written off.*—Arrears of the tax may be written off as irrecoverable, if, after it has been outstanding for at least a year, in case of a sum less than Rs. 5 and three years in other cases, the Municipal Council is satisfied that processes for recovery have been pushed on with due promptness and deligence and the sums due cannot be recovered

16. *Exemptions.*—In the following cases no tax shall be levied:—

(i) Any building or parts of any building belonging to the Government and used solely for the public purposes and not used or intended to be used for residential purposes or for purposes of profit, or any building or part of any building belonging to the Central Government.

(ii) Any building or part of a building used as a place of public worship or used for a charitable purpose, but not for residential purpose.

(iii) Buildings and lands which are the properties of the Municipality.

SCHEDULE A.

Saklespur Municipality, Hassan District.

Refund Bill.

Number of payee	...	.....
Name of payee	...	.....
Amount of refund	...	.....
Grounds of refund	...	.....
Date on which the amount claimed is credited in the treasury accounts	...	.....
The head of accounts under which it is credited	...	.....
Remarks	...	.....

Certified that the amounts have been credited in the accounts shown above.

B. SHANTAPPA
President.

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OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHANNARAYAPATNA.

Notification.

MC. 35—56-7. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Channarayapatna Town that the Town Municipal Council of Channarayapatna have at their meeting held on 18th September 1955 resolved to make following the rules for prescribing the fees to be charged for licences granted for regulating the use of any place as Shaving or Hair Dressing Saloon within the town limits.

Any inhabitant of the Town objecting the proposed rules may within one month from the date of this notification, send his objection in writing to the Municipal Council. Objections received after the due date will not be considered.

The rules are in accordance with the model rules framed by Government in their G.O. No. L. 1498—Ml. 82-51-25, Bangalore, dated 17th March 1952.

Rules for the grant of licences for Shaving and Hair-dressing Saloons.

1. A fee of one rupee shall be paid along with the application for grant of a licence to the person who wishes to use any premises as a barber shop or hair-dressing saloon.

2. The licence is renewable every year and a renewal fee of one rupee shall be paid for renewal of the licence for the period commencing from the 1st of April every year.

3. No refund of the fee paid shall be made under any circumstances, provided that when the application for the grant or renewal of a licence is rejected, the fee paid shall be refunded.

Notification.

MC. 35—56-7. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Channarayapatna Town that the Town Municipal Council, Channarayapatna, have at their meeting held on 18th September 1955 resolved to make the following Bye-laws for regulating the licensing of shaving and hair-dresing saloons.

The Bye-laws are in accordance with the Model Bye-laws in G. O. No. L. 14835—Ml. 82-51-26, Bangalore, dated, 17th March 1952.

Any inhabitant of the Town objecting to the imposition of these bye-laws and rules may within one month from the date of publication of these bye-laws and rules send his objectionsin writing to the Municipal Council. Any objections received after the due date will not be considered.

Bye-laws for Shaving and Hair-dressing Saloons.

1 (*a*) Any person wishing to use any premises as a barber shop or hair-dressing saloon within the limits of a Municipality shall apply for a licence to the President of the Municipal Council, who may grant the licence applied for or require the applicant to effect such improvements as in the President's opinion are necessary, before his application can be considered or may refuse to grant the licence if, in his opinion, the premises are unsuitable for the purpose.

(*b*) Applications shall be made to the President within one month of the commencement of each official year for renewal of licences granted under these bye-laws.

2 No person shall use any premises as a barber shop or hair-dressing saloon unless they have a floor space of not less than 10 feet by 8 feet and a height of not less than 10 feet with proper lighting and ventilation and unless they are constructed of masonry or of such other materials as may be approved by the President, in consultation with the District Health Officer and every part thereof is constructed of non-inflammable materials.

3 Each barber shall display his licence in a conspicuous place of his shop so that it may be readily seen by the public.

4 Every person in-charge of such premises shall cause every part of the floor in such premises be paved or otherwise made impervious and such flooring shall at all times be kept in good order and repair. He shall cause every part of the walls of the premises to be lime-washed at least twice in a year in the months of April and October or more often, if so required by the President.

5 All basins for washing and all sinks and washing places on the premises shall be efficiently drained by pipes which shall if necessary be trapped and connected to the municipal drain.

6. The floor shall be swept at three times a day (1) before commencement of the work, (2) at noon, and (3) at the close of each day's work followed by a wash with a disinfectant solution.

7 All tables and other articles of furniture shall have smooth and even surfaces and shall be washed and cleaned daily and kept free from accumulations of Hair, dirt and filthy substances.

8. All hair and sweepings shall be collected at frequent intervals and deposits in moveable sanitary bins made of galvanised iron or other equally suitable and impervious materials with a close fitting covering lid and emptied into the municipal dust-bin as often as necessary.

9. Within or adjoining the premises, a washing place with sufficient water shall be provided and any vessel utilised for the storage of water shall be kept scrupulously clean and covered with mosquito proof covers.

10. The premises shall be provided with means for securing a supply of boiled water for the purpose of sterilising implements and washing the appliances in daily use.

11. Razors and other instruments used for a customer shall be rendered safe immediately after such use by being thoroughly cleaned and dipped for at least two minutes in boiling water or in a disinfecting solution as may be approved by the Municipal President in consultation with the District Health Officer.

12. Every shaving mug and brush shall be thoroughly rinsed in hot water or other disinfecting solution as may be approved by the President after each occasion they are used during the course of the day. No shaving stick or soap shall be directly applied to the face for shaving.

13. At the end of each day every brush, towel, apron, comb and other implements used in the premises shall be sterilised by being immersed in boiling water or disinfected in such manner as may be approved in consultation with the District Health Officer.

14. Alum or any other similar material used to stop the flow of blood shall be applied in powdered or liquid form only. No person shall use powder puffs, lump alum, sponge or finger bowls in a barber shop or hair-dressing saloon.

15. Utmost cleanliness shall be observed by the barbers in their work. They shall wear clean clothes and wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water after serving each customer. The hands of a barber or operator shall, after the customer is served, in addition to being washed with soap and water, be dipped for not less than two minutes in such disinfectant as may be approved by the District Health Officer.

16. No barber who is suffering from an infectious skin disease or any other infectious ailment shall be allowed to attend customers to be present on the licensed premises.

17. No leper or any other person suffering from any visible skin disease, open-sore or any loathsome or dangerous disease shall be admitted or be served in such premises.

18. Each shop or saloon shall keep for daily use not less than six towels and six aprons.

19. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above Bye-laws shall on conviction, be punished with fine which may extend to rupees fifty.

Notification.

No. M.C. 35—56-7. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Chennarayapatna Town, that the Town Municipal Council, Channarayapatna, at their Meeting held on 18th September 1955 resolved to make the following Rules for the levy and recovery of a lighting tax.

The Rules are in accordance with the Model Rules in G.O. No. L. 14232—Ml. 153-52-16, dated 24th November 1952.

1. A lighting tax at a rate of Re. 0-4-0 per rupee is levied on the rental value of lands and buildings.

2. The tax will be collected in advance in two half yearly instalments in the months of April and October of each year, in the same manner and by the same agency as is entrusted with the collection of taxes on buildings and lands within the Municipal area.

3. A receipt shall be given for the tax paid. No refund of tax so paid shall be made under any circumstances unless it is shown as a double payment for the same period.

Notification.

No. M.C. 35—56-7. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Channarayapatna Town that the Town Municipal Council, have in their general meeting held on 18th September 1955 resolved to make the following Rules for the levy and recovery of a water rate.

The Rules are in accordance with the Model Rules in G.O. No. L. 14113—Ml. 152-52-17, dated 24th November 1952.

1. A water rate at Re. 0-4-0 per rupee is levied on the rental value of lands and buildings.

2. The tax will be collected in advance in two half yearly instalments in the months of April and October of each year, in the same manner and the same agency as is entrusted with the collection of taxes on buildings and lands within the Municipal Area.

3. A receipt shall be given for the tax paid and no refund of the tax paid shall be made under any circumstances unless it is shown as a double payment for the same period.

Notification.

No. M.C. 35—56-7. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Channarayapatna Town that the Town Municipal Council, Channarayapatna at their Meeting held on 18th September 1955, resolved to make the following Bye-laws for securing the protection of Public Parks, Gardens and open spaces vested in or under the control of the Town Municipal Council, Channarayapatna from injury or misuse and for regulating the management and manner in which they may be used by the public and for providing for the proper behaviour of persons in them.

The Bye-laws are in accordance with the Model Bye-laws in G.O. No. L. 14312—Ml. 82-51.23, dated the 8th March 1952.

1. In these Bye-laws, the words 'Public Parks, Gardens and open spaces' shall mean such Public Parks, Gardens, Open Spaces as are vested in or under the control of the Town Municipal Council, Channarayapatna.

2. *Parks, gardens or open spaces when to be kept open*:—Every public park, garden and open space shall remain open to the public between such hours as may be notified by the President on the notice board to be placed in some conspicuous part of the entrance to such park, garden or open space.

3. *Public Entertainment, Ceremony or Exhibition.*:—No public entertainment, ceremony or exhibition shall be held in a public park, garden or open space, except after permission has been obtained from or given by the President in that behalf. Such park, garden or open space shall be kept open or closed for such period and upon such term and conditions as may be considered expedient by the President and notified in the manner mentioned in Bye-law No. 2 or by notification in one or more local newspapers. This shall not apply to meetings that come under Bye-law No. 4.

4. *Public meetings in parks, etc.*—No public meetings shall be held in any public park, or garden except in such portion thereof as is set apart by the Municipal Council for the purpose of such meetings and in any public park, or garden when any such portion is not set apart, no public meeting shall be held without the permission of the President.

5. *Entrance or Exit.*—No person shall enter or quit a public park, garden, or open space except by one of the gates or other openings, if any, provided for the purpose.

6. *Prohibition against defacing or displacing Notice Boards.*—No person shall deface or displace any board or tablet in a public park, garden or open space wherein any notice or bye-law of the Municipal Council is exhibited.

7. *Prohibition against bringing of animals.*—No person shall bring into a public park, garden or open space any animal whatsoever except dog in lash or suffer to remain therein any animal belonging to him or in his charge.

8. *Posting hand bills.*—No person shall, except with the written permission of the President, post or affix any bill, placard or notice in any part of or upon the tree in a public park, garden or open space nor shall any hand bills be distributed in any public park, garden or open space, except with the permission of the President.

9. *Prohibition against removing or disturbing soil, etc.*—No person otherwise than in discharge of his official duty as a servant of the Municipality, shall remove or disturb any soil, turf or flower bed or pluck any flower or leaf in a public park, garden or open space.

10. *Damaging property or throwing rubbish.*—No person shall destroy, injure, deface, soil or defile any part of any wall, fence, barrier or railings in or enclosing any public park, garden or open space or any part of any seat, building, monument, work of art, ornament or decoration or any other structure or erection of any Municipal property in a public park, garden or open space.

11. *Throwing stones, etc.*—No person shall throw on or discharge into a public park, garden or open space, stones or other missiles.

12. *Prohibiting the climbing of trees, walls, etc.*—No person shall climb any tree, wall, fence, barrier, railings or post, in or enclosing a public park, garden or open space.

13. No game shall be played in a public park, garden or open space, except subject to such conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the President and notified on a notice board placed in some conspicuous part of the entrance of the public park, garden or open space.

14. *Drinking.*—No person shall drink within a public park, garden or open space any intoxicating liquor.

15. *Erections.*—Except with the written permission of the President, no person shall erect any post, rail, fence, pole tent, booth, stand, building or other structure in a public park, garden or open space.

16. *Sale of article.*—No person shall except with the written permission of the President, sell or offer or expose for sale or let to hire or offer or expose for letting to hire any commodity or article in a public park, garden, or open space.

17. *Drying or bleaching linen.*—No person shall spread or deposit any linen or other fabric in a public park, garden or open space for the purpose of drying or bleaching the same.

18. *Obstructing or disturbing servants on duty and others.*—No person shall wilfully obstruct, disturb, or interrupt any other person in the proper use or enjoyment of the park, garden, open space or wilfully obstruct

disturb or interrupt any officer or servant of the Municipality or any person employed by the Municipality in the execution of his duty.

19. No person shall commit nuisance in public park, garden or open space.

20. *Creating disturbance or causing annoyance to the public.*—No person shall create disturbance or cause annoyance to the public in a public park, garden, or open space or use abusive, obscene or profane language.

21. *Prohibition of entry of person suffering from loathesome or infectious disease.*—No person who is suffering from any loathesome or infectious disease shall enter a any public park, garden, or open space.

22. *Prohibition of grazing, etc., of animals in public parks.*—No person shall graze or feed any animal or suffer any animal to be grazed or fed on any grass or tree in any public park, garden or open space.

23. *Prohibition of writing, etc., on trees.*—No person shall write, paint, cut or carve or affix anything on any tree in any public park, garden or open space.

24. *Prohibition of driving nails, etc., into trees.*—No person shall drive any nail or ring or any other similar article into any tree in any public park, garden or open space.

25. *Prohibition of tethering animals to trees, etc.*—No person shall tether any animal to any tree or fence or post in or pertaining to any public park, garden or open space.

26. *Prohibition of bathing, etc., in tanks and ponds, etc.*—No person shall bathe or wash clothes in any tank, pond or ornamental water storage in any park or garden where a notice to that effect is put up by the Municipal Council.

27. *Penalty for breach of bye-laws.*—Whoever commits a breach of any of the above bye-laws, shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees twenty-five.

C. G. VOBE GOWDA,
President.

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OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, SHIKARIPUR.

Notification dated 30th September—1st October 1956.

No. H.C. 332—56-57. In supersession of the existing Rules in force, notice is hereby given to the inhabitants residing in the Municipal limits of Shikaripur Town, that the Town Municipal Council, Shikaripur, has at its ordinary general meeting held on 30th August 1956, resolved to impose the tax as mentioned in the Schedule to Rules on vehicles used for riding, burden or draught and kept for use within the Town Municipality of Shikaripur, under Section 61(b) (ii) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

Any inhabitant of this Town objecting to the proposed levy of tax may within one month from the date of this notice send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council, Shikaripur.

Objections received after the due date will not be taken cognizance of.

Under Section 48(3) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, the draft rules and objections or suggestions received from the public of this Town will be taken into consideration on or after 31st October 1956 before adopting the Rules.

Rules framed by the Town Municipal Council, Shikaripur, for the levy of tax on vehicles used for riding, draught or burden and kept for use within the Town Municipality of Shikaripur.

1. A tax at the rate specified in the following schedule shall be payable by the owners in respect of vehicles of the description mentioned in the said schedule, which are used as riding, burden or draught and kept for use within the Shikaripur Town Municipality.

SCHEDULE.

		Yearly Rs. a. p
1	For every four-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by two or more horses.	12 0 0
2	For every four-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by a horse, bull or bullock, or by two or more horses under thirteen hands, bull or bullocks.	6 0 0
3	For every two-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by one or more horses, bulls or bullocks.	4 0 0
4	For every other vehicle with springs and every palanquin, and every trailer attached to a motor car.	3 0 0
5	For every cart or other vehicle without springs	2 0 0
6	For every bicycle or tricycle	2 0 0

2. *Exemptions.*—In the following classes of vehicles, no tax shall be levied :—

1 Vehicles belonging to the Shikaripur Town Municipality and Government ;
2 Perambulators and other carts belonging to children ;
3 Vehicles which are in possession of makers or sellers which are solely meant for selling ;
4 Vehicles which are in traffic or which will not halt in the Municipality for more than 30 days in any half-year.

3. *Refund of tax.*—Where the tax due in respect of any vehicle has been paid for any half-year or year, the owner or the person in charge thereof shall be entitled to a refund of the sum paid.

(a) if he has owned or been in charge of the vehicle for not more than 30 days in the half-year or year ;

(b) if the vehicle has been under repairs or standing at a carriage maker's or cycle-dealer's during the whole of the half-year or year ;

(c) if the vehicle certified by the President or any person authorised by him to have been unfit for use, has not been used during the whole period, provided that due notice in writing shall have been given to the Municipality of the vehicle having been disposed of or having ceased to be used.

4. *Method of calculating liability to tax.*—When a person has owned or had charge of two or more vehicles of the same description each at different periods in one half-year or year he shall be deemed to have owned and had charge of one vehicle only as the case may be for the aggregate number of days in the said two or more periods.

5. *Vehicles or animals changing hands.*—If a half-year's or a year's tax has been levied in respect of a vehicle, no further tax for the same half-year or year shall be leviable in respect of the said vehicle, if it changes hands during the currency of the said half-year or year.

K. V. NARASAPPA,
President.

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Notification dated 30th September—1st October 1956.

Reference:—This office Notification of even No. dated 30th June 1956, publishing the Octroi Bye-laws and Rules proposed to be adopted in Shikaripur Town, in the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 26th July 1956.

ERRATUM.

No. H.C. 124—56-57. For the rate of levy of Octroi in respect of Betel leaves mentioned in Schedule I of Rules, please read as Re. 0–0–1 per hundred against Re. 0–1–0 per hundred published in the Notification cited above.

P. SHANKAR BHATTA,
Vice-President.